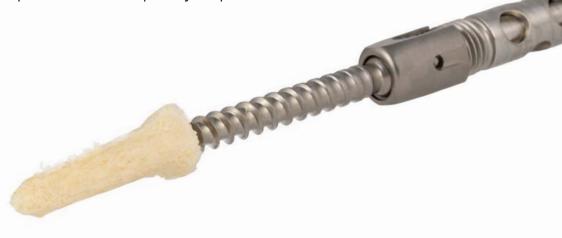


FibreAnchor

The Allovance® Osteoinductive FibreAnchor is made from 100% allograft bone fibres and can aid in the fixation of screws during revision spinal fusions, or instances where patient bone quality is poor.



For more information and to view the product video please scan the QR code with your phone.

Australian Biotechnologies

ife Enhancing Allografts

Australian Made. Australian Science.

Phone: 1800 472 387 Email: graftorders@ausbiotech.com.au Web: ausbiotech.com.au

Osteoinductive Statement:

- Demineralized bone allografts must be carefully processed to retain their biological potential.
- Allovance® Osteoinductive grafts are only released after each batch is able to successfully demonstrate the osteoinductivity of the material using the 'gold standard' in vivo model through an independent, TGA licensed facility¹-4.
- Allovance® Osteoinductive grafts are backed by real time stability studies demonstrating the osteoinductivity of the grafts is retained for the whole shelf life, as per TGA requirements⁵⁻⁶.

Key features:

- Demineralized bone fibres molded into a proprietary tapered shape
- Add osteoinductive bone volume for cases where bone quality is poor
- Can be used with most screw sizes
- Designed to be used with a specific anchor instrumentation set
- 100% allograft bone, with no synthetic components or carriers added.

The Allovance® FibreAnchors can be inserted into a cavity formed in bone prior to insertion of a screw to aid in restoring bone volume in areas of poor bone quality or within the cavity left by a screw from revision surgery.



X-Large* Fits 8.5mm-9.0mm screw

CODE: AB-FA085



Large* Fits 7.5mm-8.0mm screw

CODE: AB-FA075



Medium* Fits 6.5mm-7.0mm screw

CODE: AB-FA065



Small* Fits 5.5mm-6.0mm screw

CODE: AB-FA055

*These products are 100% HIC rebatable

Honouring the gift of donation, Australian Biotechnologies manufactures and distributes life enhancing allograft tissue products for the Australian community, in partnership with:







References

- 1. Urist MR. Bone: formation by autoinduction. Science 1965;150(3698):893-9.
- 2. Australian Code of Good Manufacturing Practice for human blood and blood components, human tissues and human cellular products, V1.0, April 2013
- 3. ASTM F2529-13 Standard Guide for in vivo Evaluation of Osteo-inductive Potential
- 4. Katz JM, Nataraj C, Jaw R, Deigl E, Bursac P. Demineralized bone matrix as an osteoinductive biomaterial and in vitro predictors of its biological potential. J Biomed Mater Res B Appl Biomater 2009;89(1):127–34.
- 5. L. Shimp, "Heat resistance of allograft tissue," Cell Tissue Bank., vol. 9, no. 4, pp. 259–266, Dec. 2008.
- 6. Internal Report Data on file (V1726)